

## 2 T836/837 Optional Features

### 2.1 Audio Processor

The T836 and T837 come with a number of link selectable features which give added system flexibility.

**Note:** The tables in this section are the same as those in [Section 3.5](#) in Part C. They have been repeated here for ease of reference.

#### 2.1.1 Link Details

Use the following table to set up the audio processor to the configuration you require. You should set the audio processor links before carrying out any of the tuning and adjustment procedures. The factory settings are shown in brackets [ ].

Plug	Link <sup>a</sup>		Function
PL205	1-2	A	not connected
	[3-4]	B	microphone pre-amp. output to compressor input
	5-6	C	microphone pre-amp. output to multiplexer input
PL210	[1-2]	L	multiplexer output to pre-emphasis input
	3-4	M	multiplexer output to limiter input
	5-6	N	multiplexer output to compressor input
PL215	1-2	G	not connected
	[3-4]	H	compressor output to multiplexer input
	5-6	I	compressor output to limiter input
	7-8	J	compressor output to pre-emphasis input
	9-10	K	not connected
PL220	1-2	D	pre-emphasis output to multiplexer input
	[3-4]	E	pre-emphasis output to limiter input
	5-6	F	not connected

- a. The letters in this column and in the table in [Section 2.1.2](#) below refer to the identification letters screen printed onto the PCB beside each pair of pins.

## 2.1.2 Typical Options

	PL205	PL210	PL215	PL220
microphone pre-amp. compressed and pre-emphasised; line input pre-emphasised (standard set-up)	[3-4] B	[1-2] L	[3-4] H	[3-4] E
microphone pre-amp. compressed and pre-emphasised; line input unprocessed	3-4 B	3-4 M	7-8 J	1-2 D
line and microphone compressed and pre-emphasised	5-6 C	5-6 N	7-8 J	3-4 E
microphone pre-amp. compressed; line and microphone flat response	3-4 B	3-4 M	3-4 H	5-6 F

## 2.2 Line Transformer Inputs And Outputs

The line transformer (T210) is designed to provide a balanced interface to 600 ohm lines. For normal operation the two centre connections (LINE I/P 2, LINE I/P 3) are shorted together, and the 600 ohm line is connected between LINE I/P 1 and LINE I/P 4.

The secondary winding of the transformer is connected via 1k and 10 $\Omega$  (R160) resistors to pin 6 (AUDIO-2) of D-range 1 and may be used to monitor audio on the line. Pin 7 of D-range 1 can be reconfigured as AUDIO-1 by removing R808 and R160, and placing R150 (refer to [Section 2](#) in Part I for more details).

## 2.3 Opto Key

The keying circuitry may be completely isolated from the rest of the system by means of the optocoupler (IC250) connected between pins 11 and 12 of the D-range connector. A constant current source (Q270) allows keying voltages between 6 and 50V.

## 2.4 Relay Driver

A dedicated transistor (Q250) is provided for the purpose of switching an external (e.g. coaxial) relay. The output is open collector and is activated by the Tx-Reg rail. This output is available on pin 9 of the T800-03-0000 auxiliary D-range connector (D-range 2).

## **2.5 Local Microphone**

Use of the local microphone (via the front panel stereo socket) will disable the audio input from the line. The audio switching occurs when the PTT switch is closed.

## **2.6 Keying With Option PCBs**

If an option PCB is fitted, the exciter may be keyed via the TX-ENB-OPT pad in the audio processor. The line must be pulled low to key.

